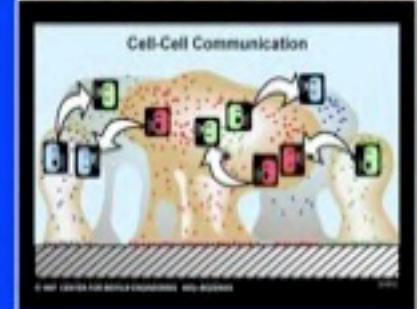
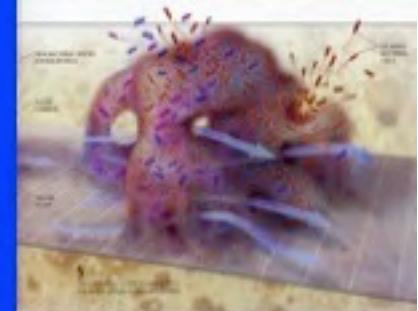


# What is a biofilm?



Gradients

- Appearance - how does it look
- Where is it located/persists:
  - Surface: - body - outer/inner
  - Surface: - artificial
  - Inside body
- Physiology
- Biochemistry
- Genetics
- Resistance:
  - To innate and adaptive defence mechanisms
  - To antibiotics/disinfectants
- Pathology - pathogenesis - disease

**Definition:** A structured consortium of bacterial cells surrounded by a self-produced polymer matrix, mono/polyspecies

**BIOFILM INFECTION = Chronic infection = an infection which A) persists in spite of therapy, and in spite of the host's immune- and inflammatory response, and B) is characterized by persisting pathology and immune response (in contrast to colonization)**

Some general features of biofilm infections in humans compared to acute planktonic infections and superficial colonization/normal flora on skin and mucosal membranes. **The bold fonts indicate biofilm specific features**

<b>Features of biofilm infections</b>	<b>Necessary condition for biofilm infections</b>	<b>Sufficient condition for biofilm infections</b>	<b>Also found in acute planktonic infections</b>	<b>Also found in colonization/normal flora on skin and mucosal membranes</b>
<b>Aggregates of bacteria embedded in a self-produced polymer matrix</b>	Yes	Yes	No	No/Yes
<b>Tolerant to clinical relevant PK/PD dosing of antibiotics in spite of susceptibility of planktonic cells</b>	Yes	Yes	No	No/Yes
<b>Tolerant to both innate and adaptive immune response</b>	Yes	Yes	No	No/Yes - unknown (s-IgA)
Inflammation	Yes	No	Yes	No
Biofilm-specific antigens	No and Yes - seldom – e.g. <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> alginate	No and Yes - seldom – e.g. <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> alginate	No	No

(Høiby et al.:Antibiotic resistance of bacterial biofilms Internat. J. Antimicrob. Agents 35:322-32; 2010)

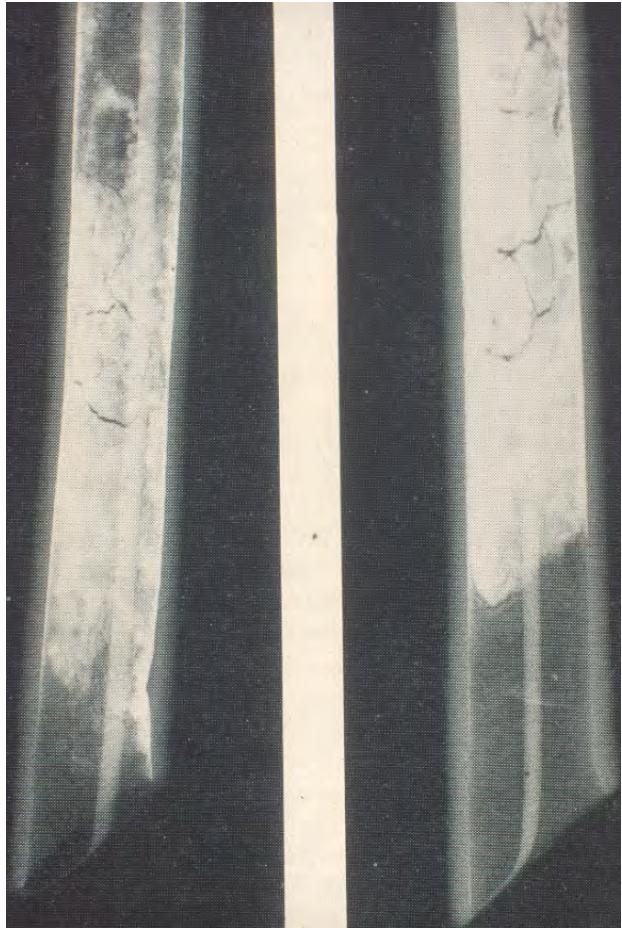
Some general features of biofilm infections in humans compared to acute planktonic infections and superficial colonization/normal flora on skin and mucosal membranes. **The bold fonts indicate biofilm specific features**

<b>Features of biofilm infections</b>	<b>Necessary condition for biofilm infections</b>	<b>Sufficient condition for biofilm infections</b>	<b>Also found in acute planktonic infections</b>	<b>Also found in colonization/normal flora on skin and mucosal membranes</b>
Antibody response	Yes - after some weeks	No	Yes - after some weeks	No
<b>Chronic infections</b>	Yes	Yes	No	No
Foreign body associated infections	No	Yes	No but yes the first day of infection	No
Located on surfaces	No	No	Yes	Yes
Localized infection	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Focus for spreading or local exacerbation	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

(Høiby et al.:Antibiotic resistance of bacterial biofilms Internat. J. Antimicrob. Agents 35:322-32; 2010)

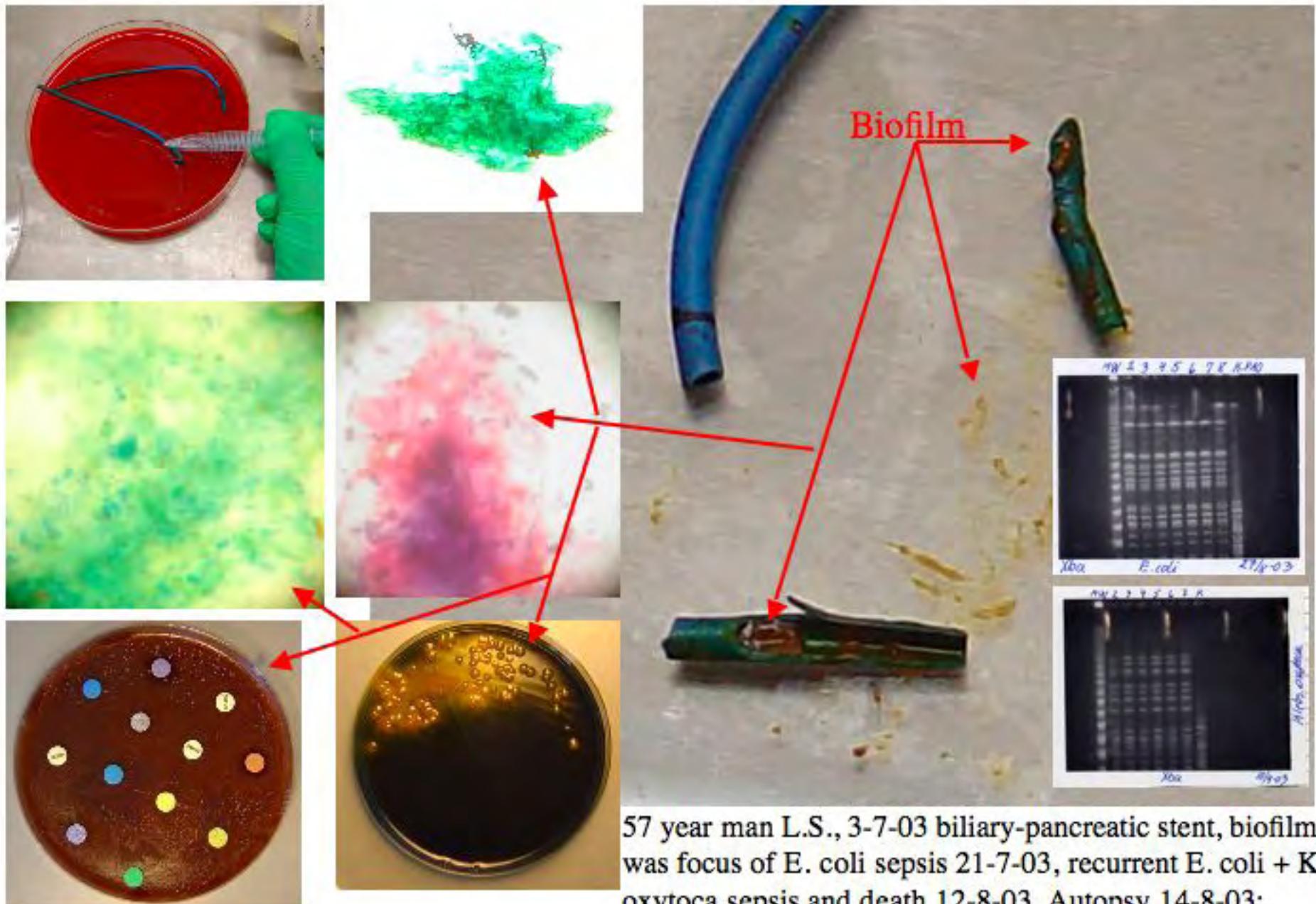
Endotracheal suction. Patients treated with artificial ventilation frequently develops Ventillator Associated Pneumonia (VAP)





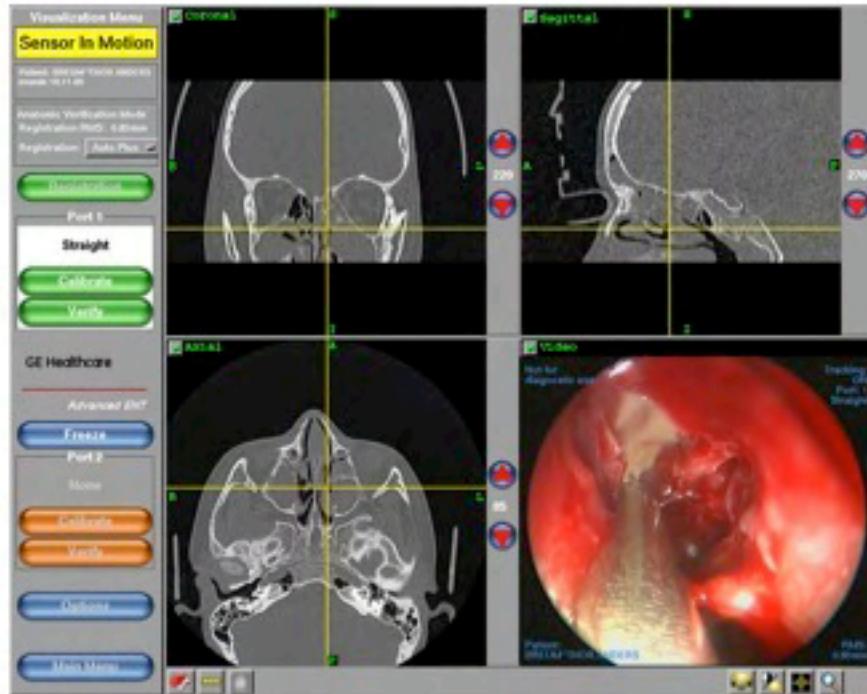
(Inglis: Evidence for Dynamic Phenomena in Residual Tracheal Tube Biofilm. Br J Anaesth 1993;70:22-24)

**VENTILLATOR  
ASSOCIATED  
PNEUMONIA**

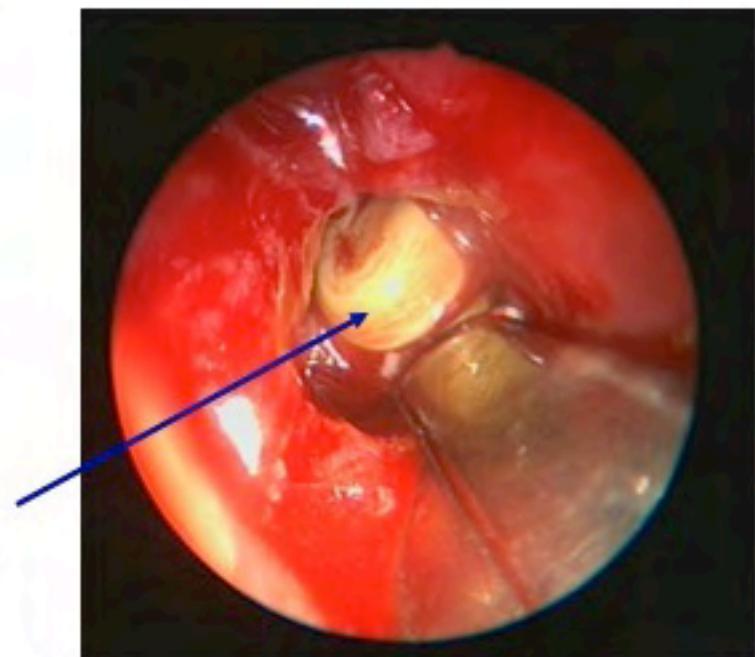


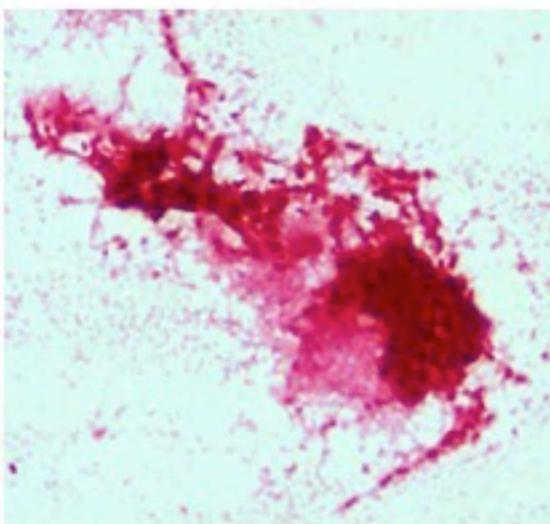
57 year man L.S., 3-7-03 biliary-pancreatic stent, biofilm was focus of *E. coli* sepsis 21-7-03, recurrent *E. coli* + *K. oxytoca* sepsis and death 12-8-03. Autopsy 14-8-03: Growth from biofilm: *E. faecium*, *K. oxytoca*, *E. coli* of same genotype as the blood isolate.

## FESS in chronic CF patient – variation in operative findings

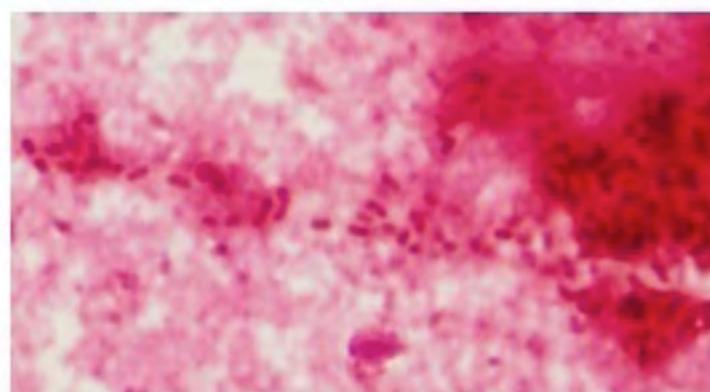
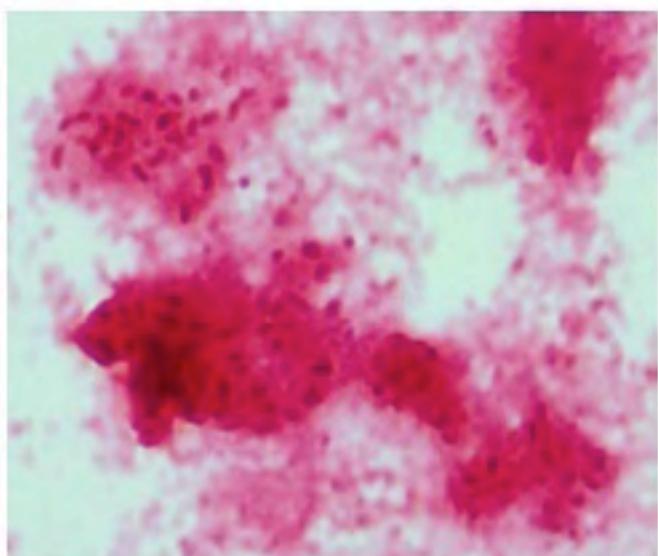
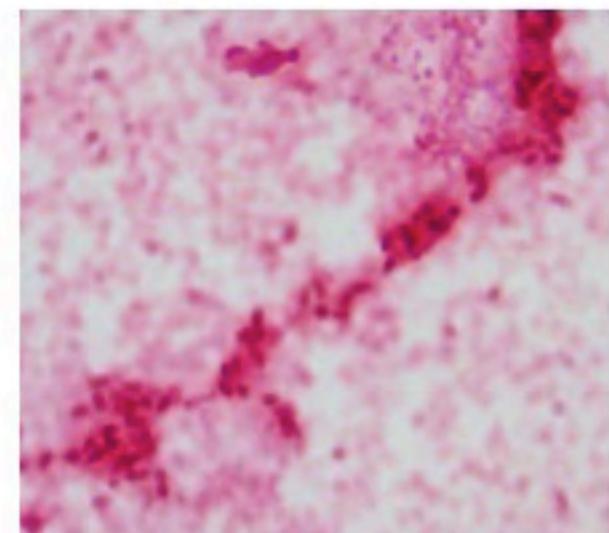


Thick pus from sinus maxillaris (CF 414)





**Sinus *P.  
aeruginosa*  
biofilms in CF –  
no PMNs!**

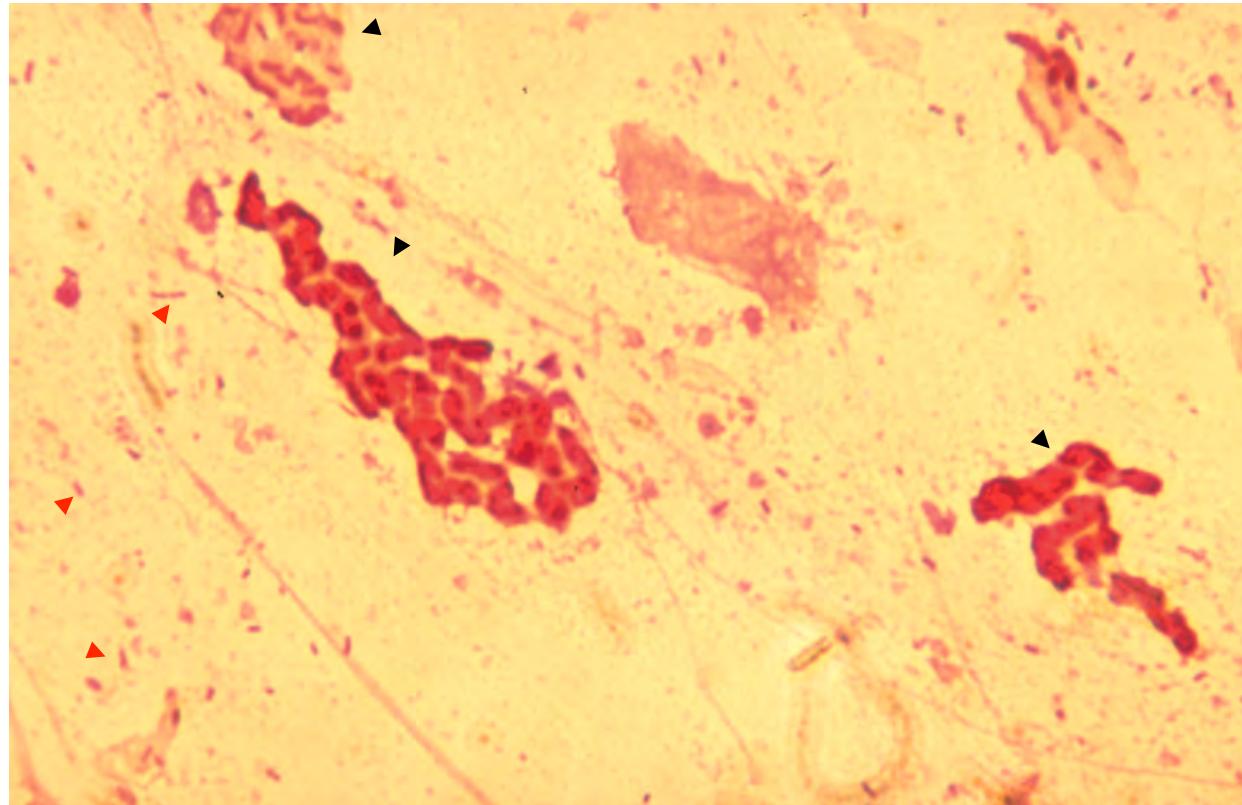


**S-IgA  
response?**

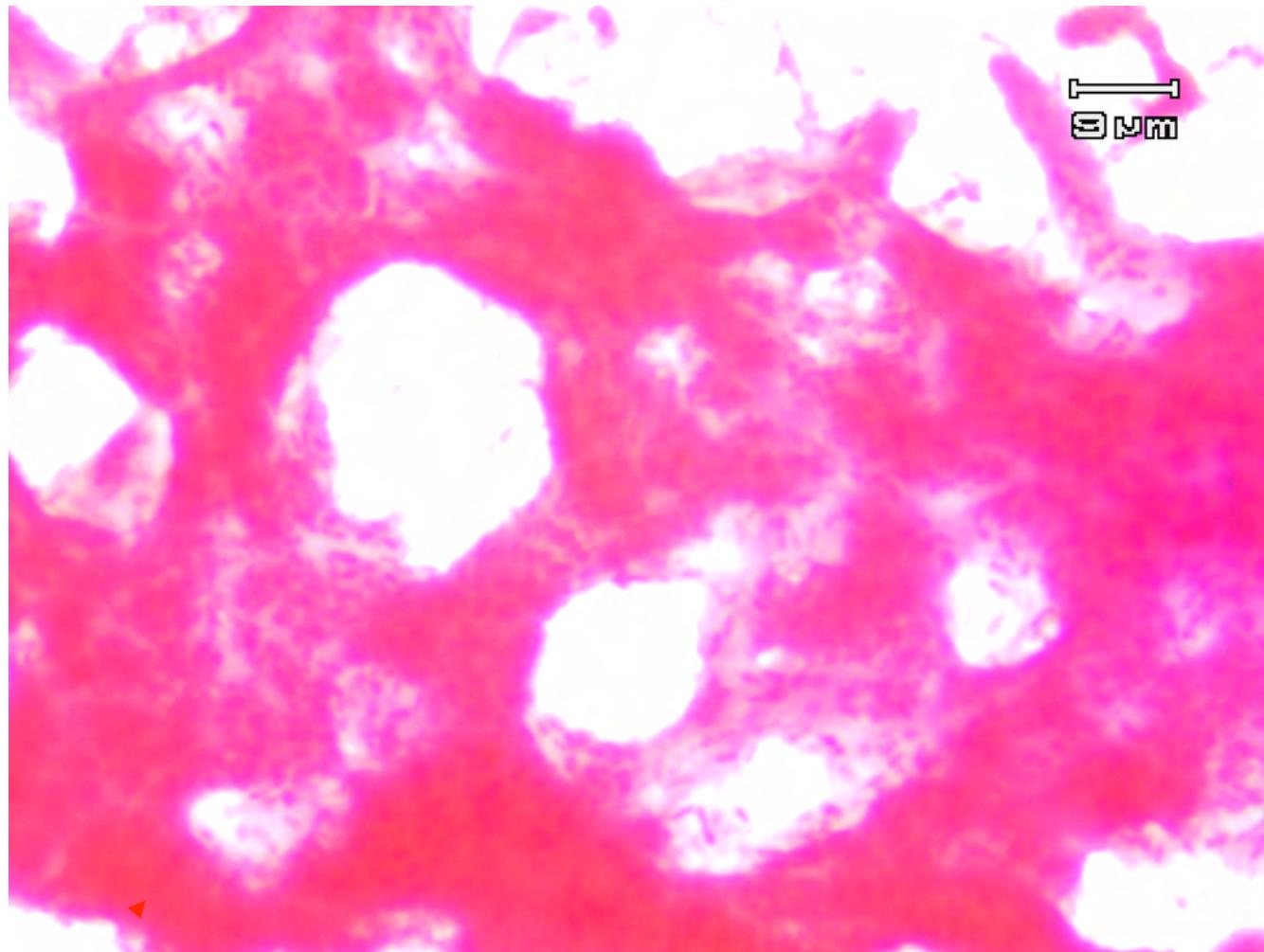
Johansen 2009

Biofilm - from the respiratory zone = aerobic niche

Planktonic-  
from the  
conductive  
zone =  
anaerobic  
niche

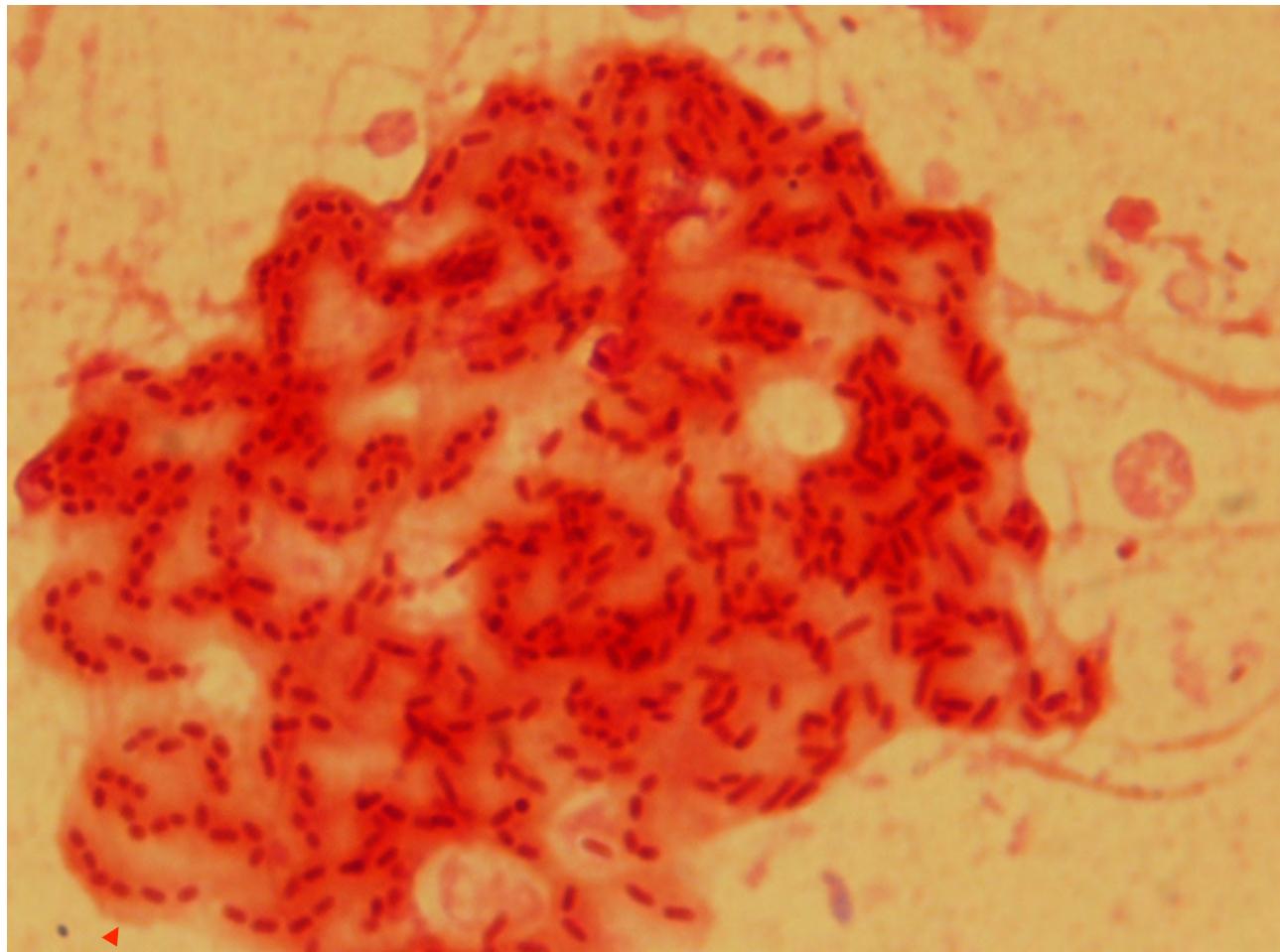


Gram-stained sputum from a CF patient with chronic *P. aeruginosa* lung infection.  
3 black arrows: *P. aeruginosa* biofilm , 3 red arrows: planktonic *P. aeruginosa*. Culture revealed both mucoid and non-mucoid colonies. Magnification x 1000.



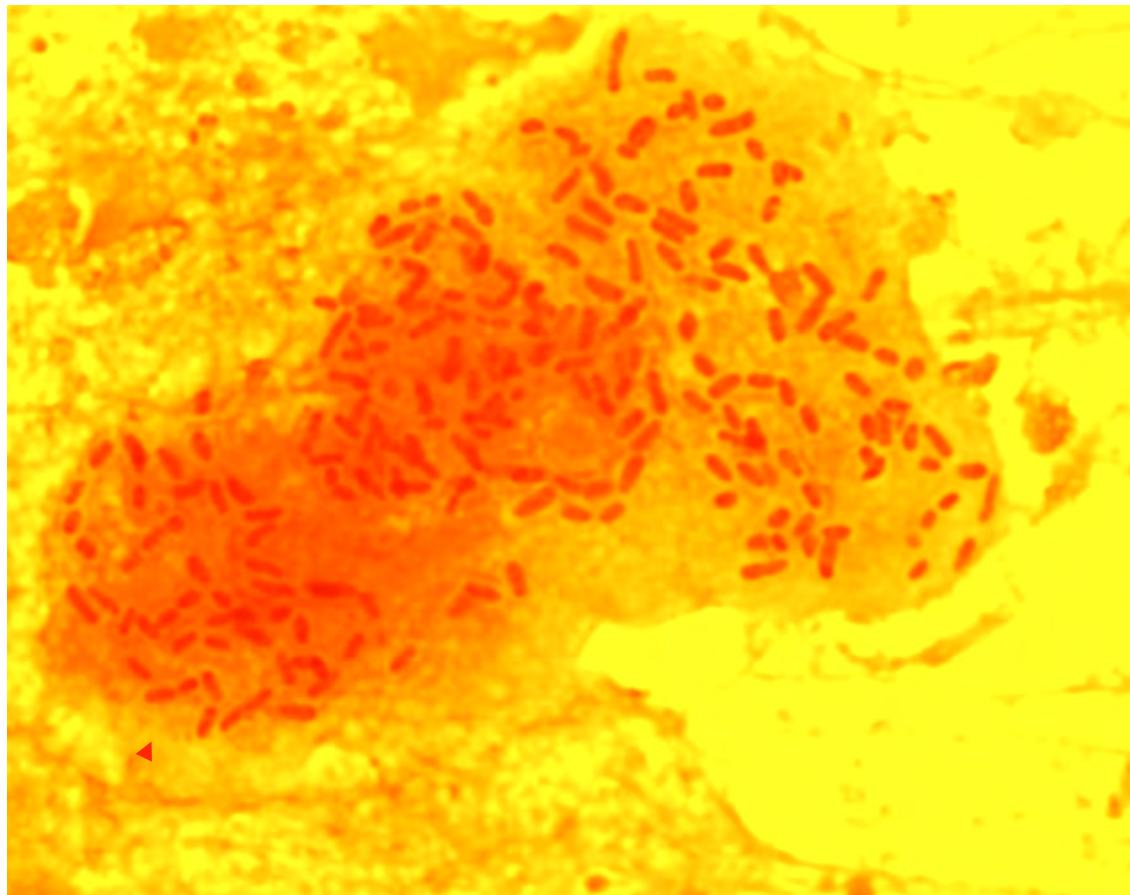
CF sputum - biofilm: **DIVERSITY!**

HØIBY 2004



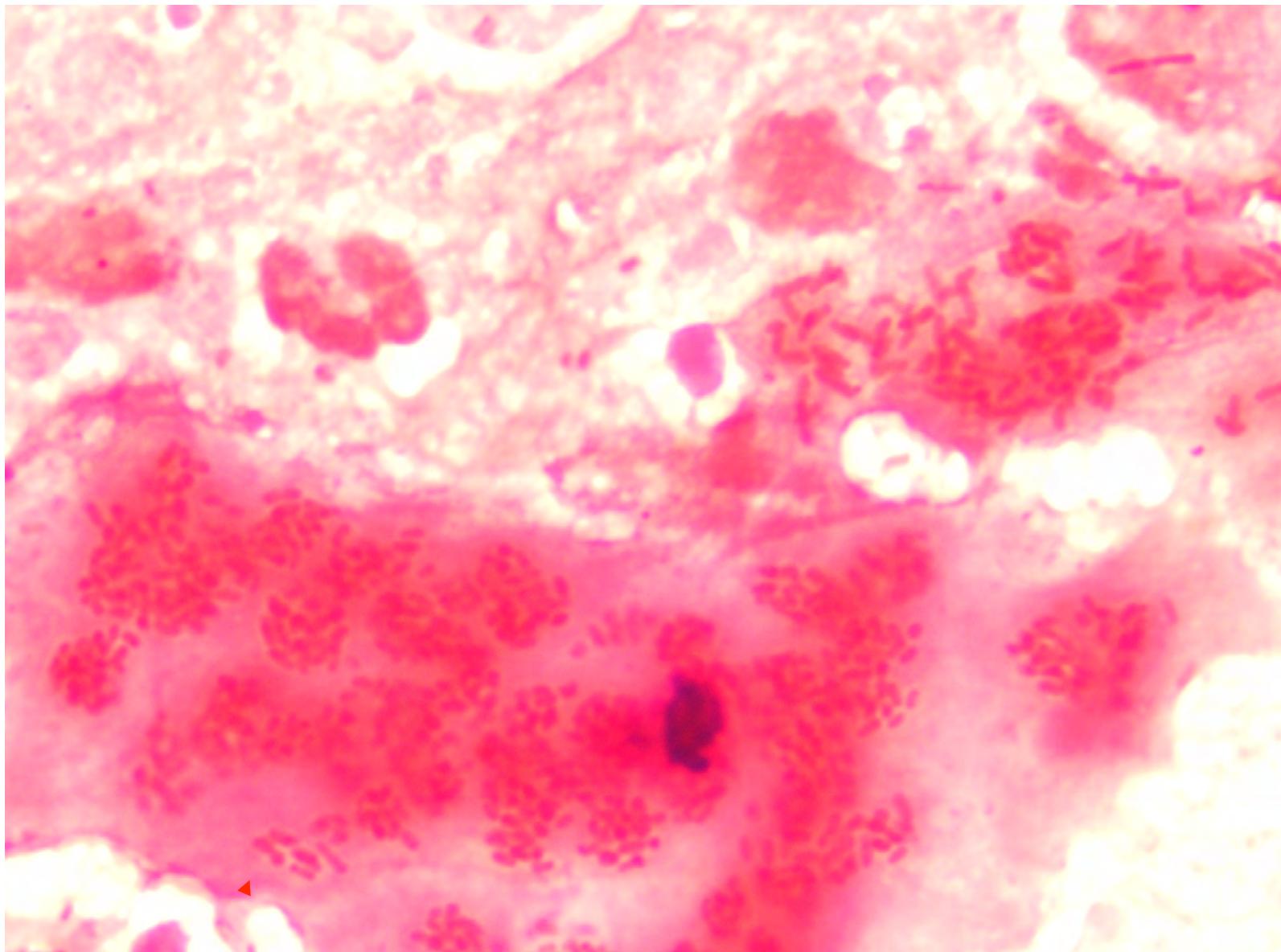
CF sputum - biofilm: **DIVERSITY!**

HØIBY 2004



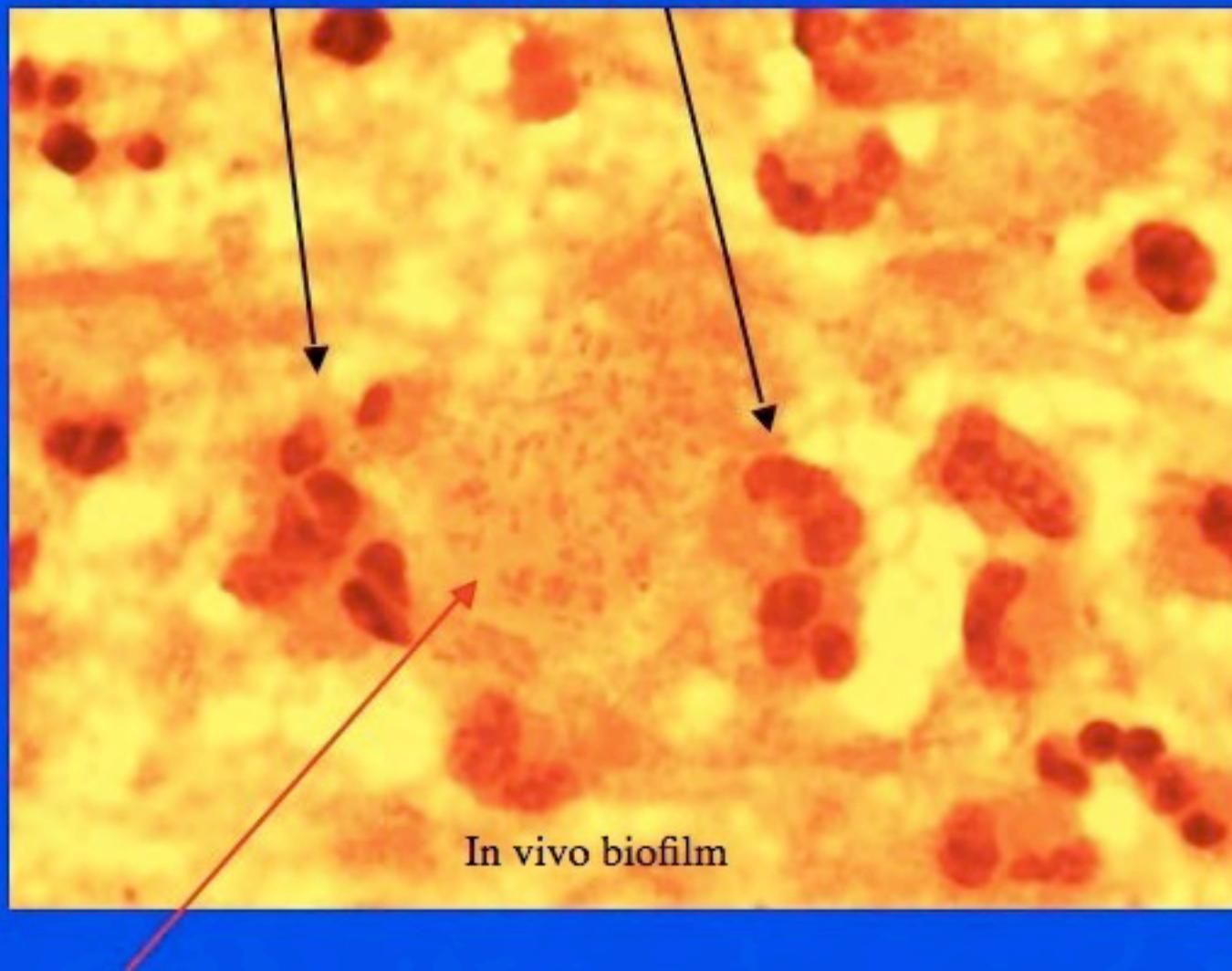
CF sputum - biofilm: DIVERSITY!

HØIBY



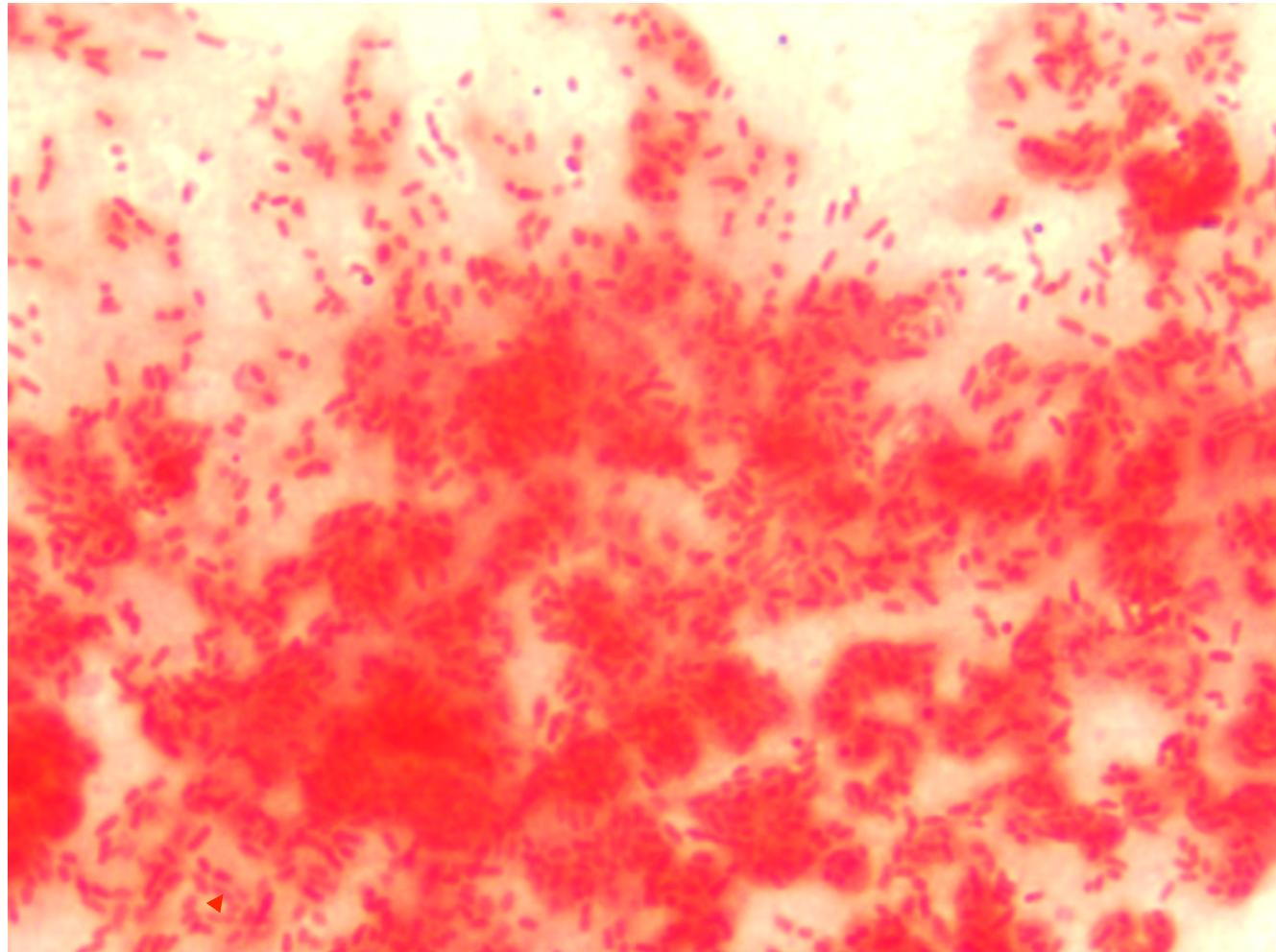
CF sputum - biofilm: **DIVERSITY!**

## POLYMORPHONUCLEAR LEUKOCYTES



CF sputum - biofilm: **DIVERSITY!**

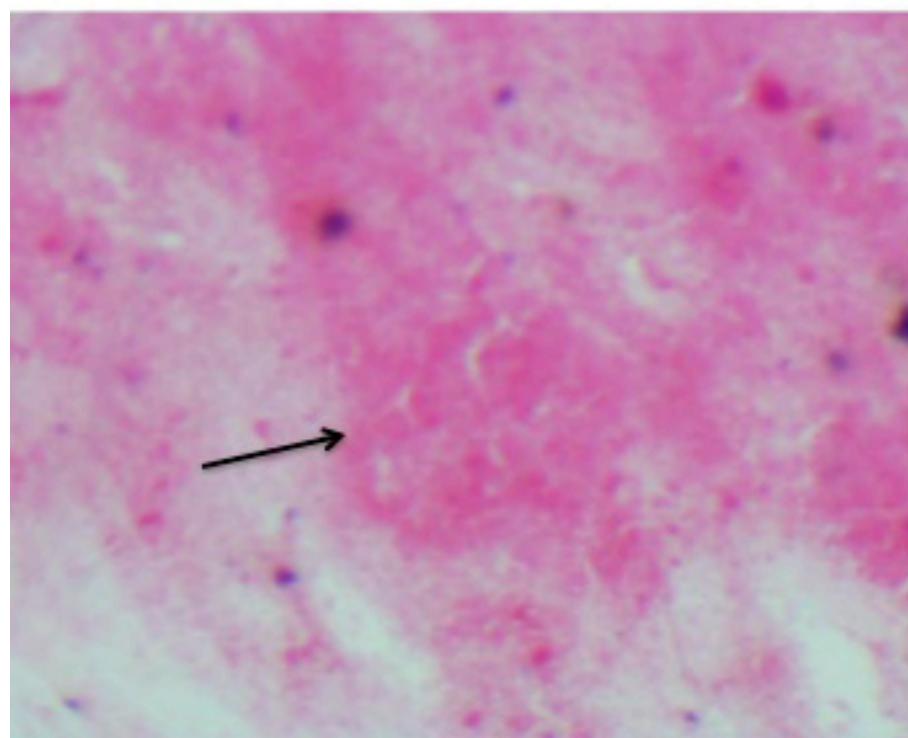
HØIBY 2004



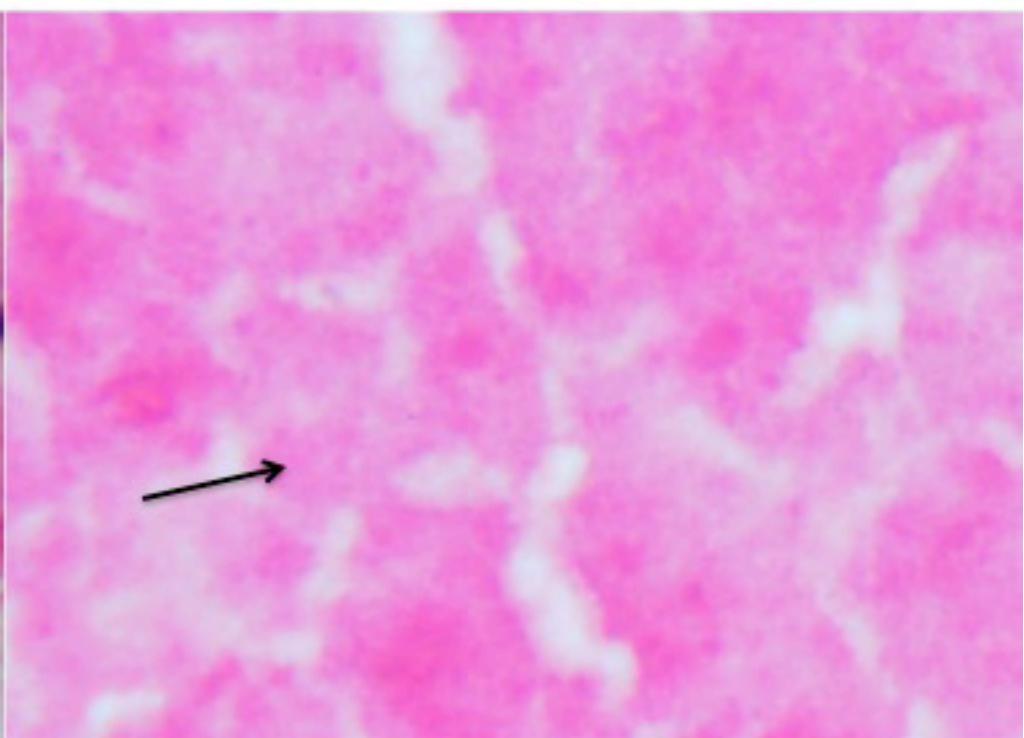
CF sputum - biofilm: **DIVERSITY!**

HØIBY 2004

Biofilm in sputum of 14 CF patients with chronic A. xylosoxidans (7/8) or B. multivorans (6/6) lung infection



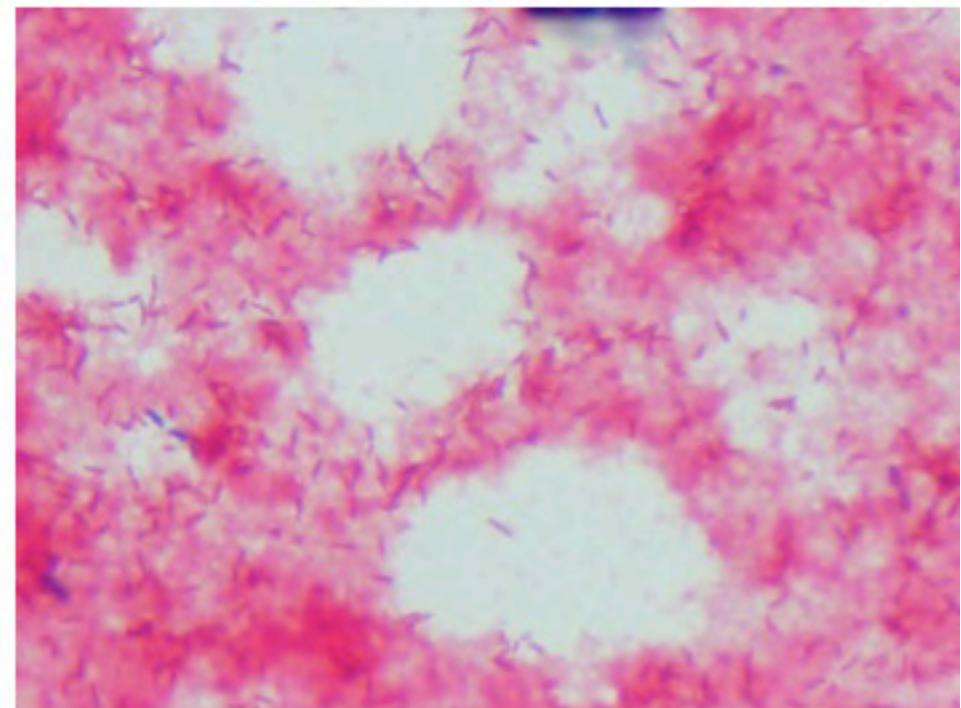
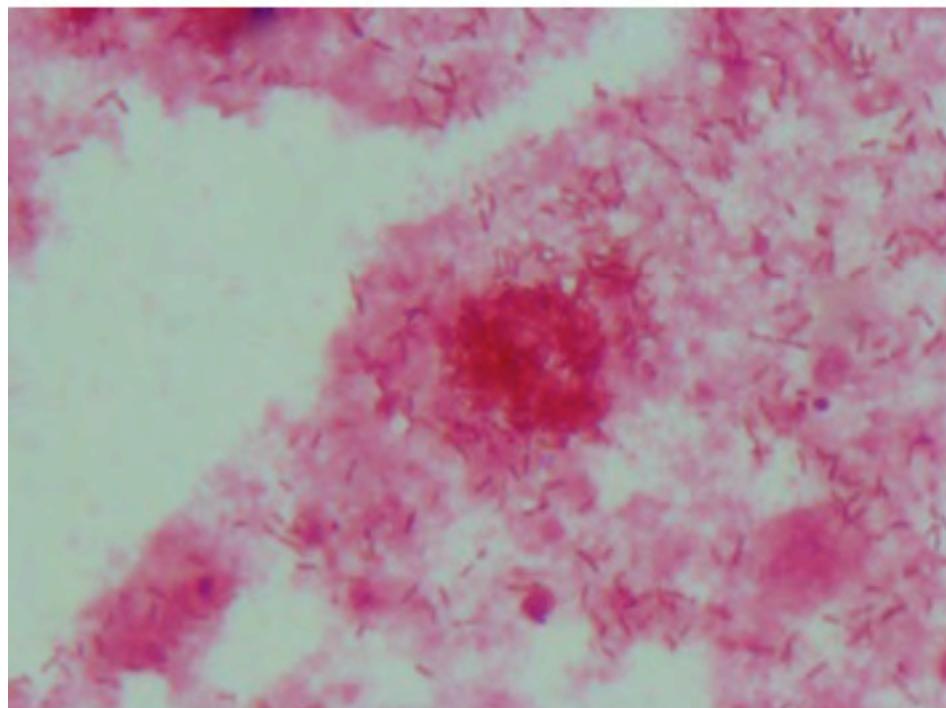
Gram stain x 40



Gram stain x 1000

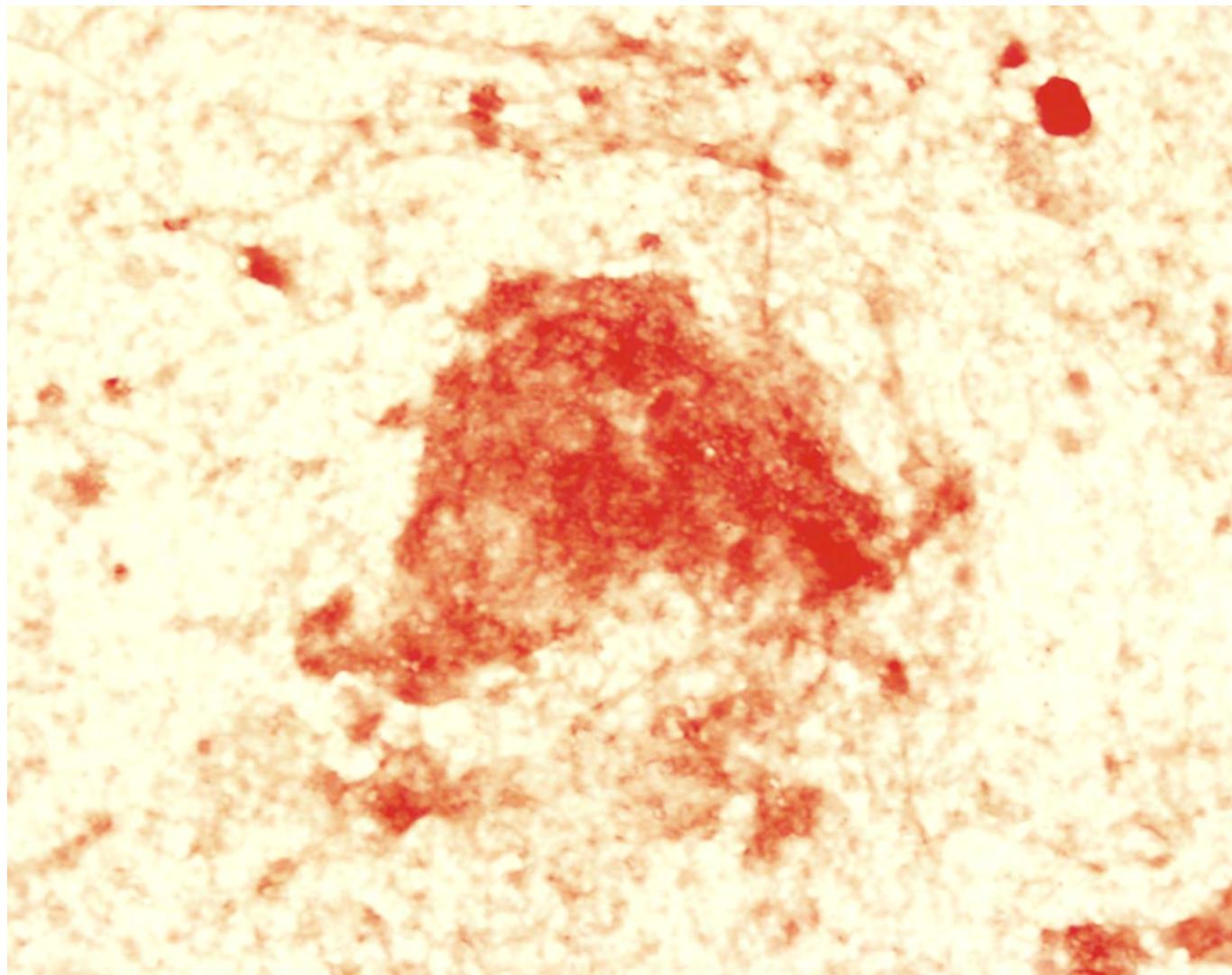
(Høiby 2009)

Biofilm in Sputum from two CF patients with chronic  
*Stenotrophomonas maltophilia* lung infection. Few PMNs



Gram stained smears x 1000

Høiby 2009



*Achromobacter xylosoxidans* biofilm in sputum from a chronically infected 23 year old CF patient (CF 370). Gram stain x 1000.

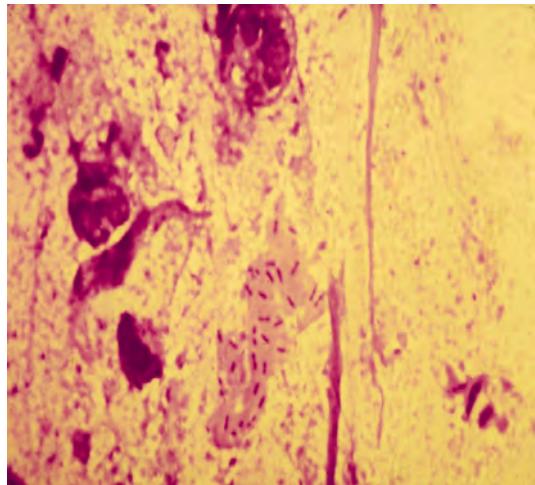
Autopsy of *P. aeruginosa* infected CF lungs



Høiby 1976

CF lung at autopsy

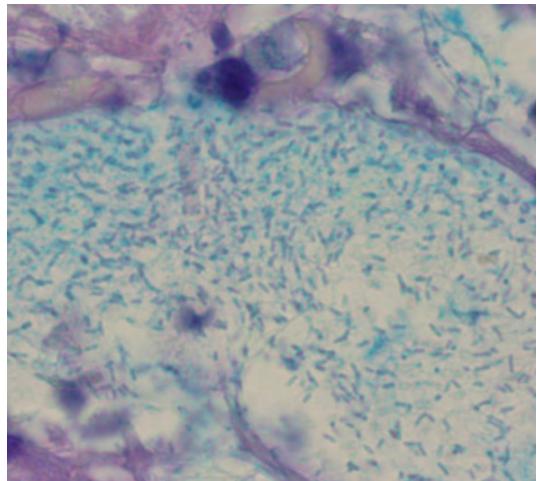
# *Pseudomonas* in CF patients and CF mice - using the alginate of *P. aeruginosa* for inoculation



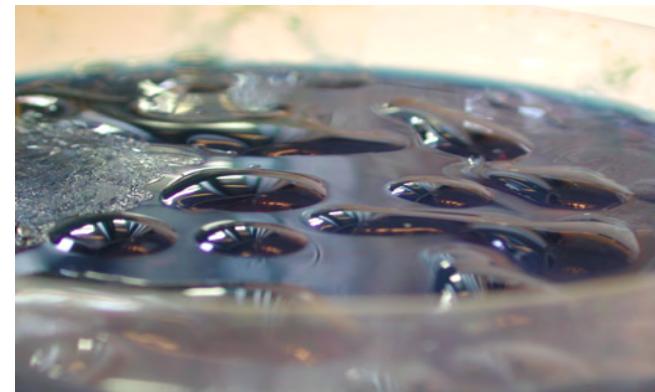
Sputum  
with a  
microcolony  
from a  
CF patient



CF  
patient

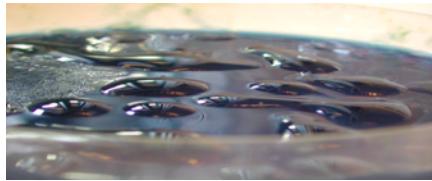


Lung section  
with a  
microcolony  
from a  
CF mouse

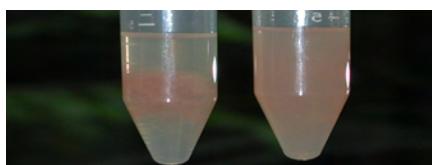


CF  
mouse

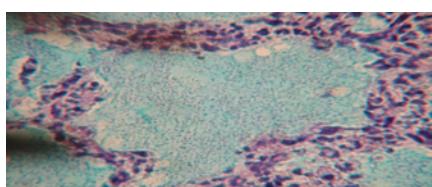
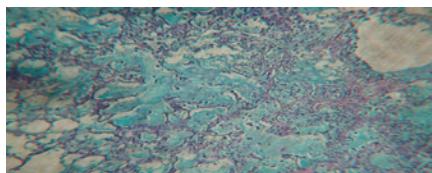
Mucoide P.  
aeruginosa  
kolonier



Alginat fra  
inficerede lunger –  
alkoholfældet



Biofilm i  
muselunger –  
farvet med alcian  
blue for alginat



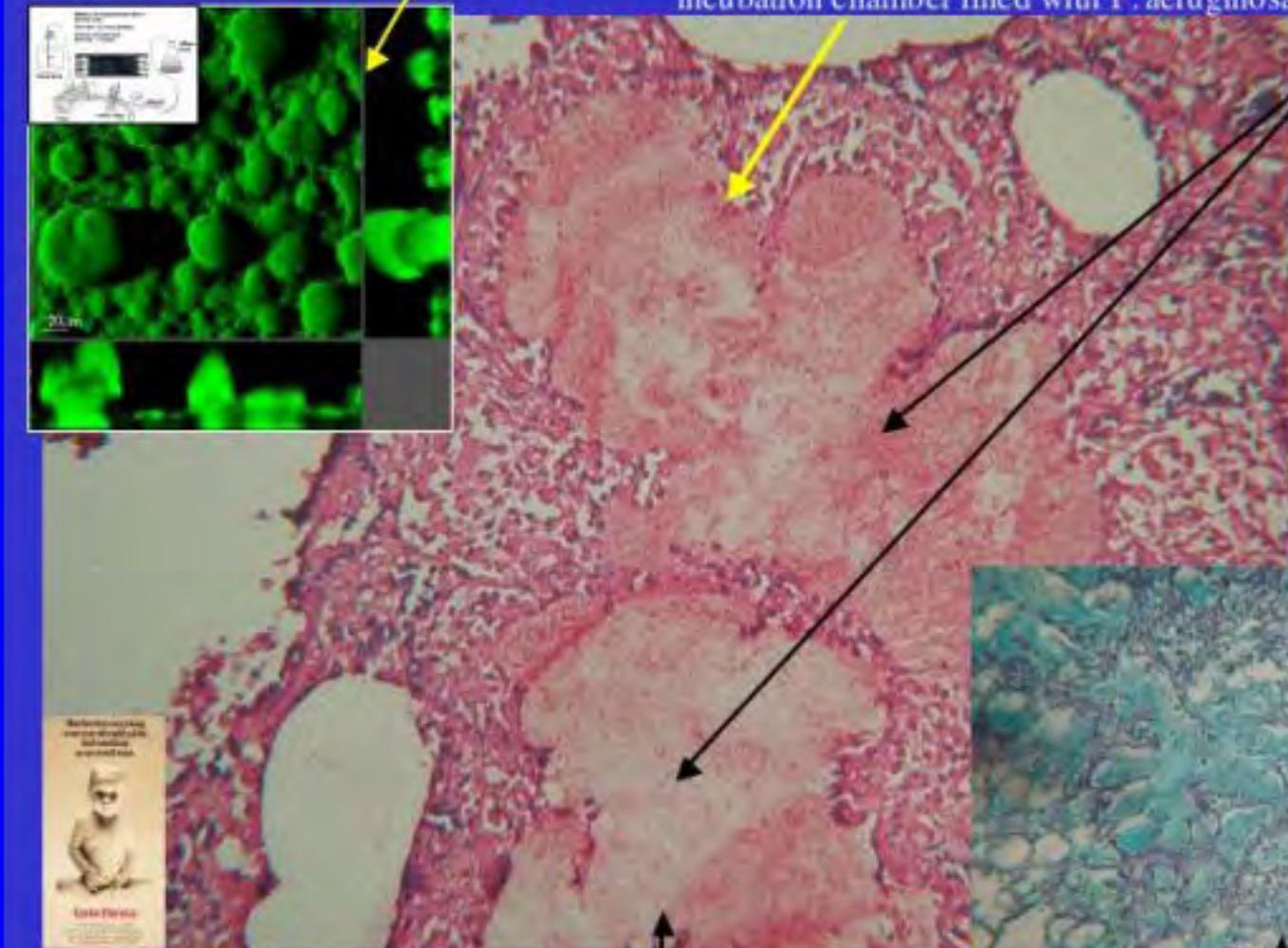
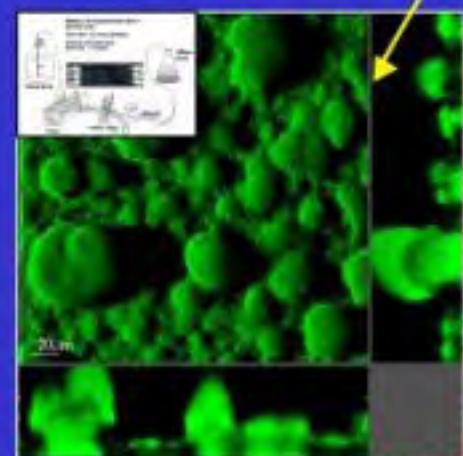
Samme

•Hoffmann, N., Rasmussen, T.B., Jensen, P.Ø., Stub, C., Hentzer, M., Molin, S., Ciofu, O., Givskov, M., Johansen, H.K., Høiby, N.: Novel mouse model of chronic *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* lung infection mimicking cystic fibrosis. *Infect. Immun.* 73:2504-14; 2005.

•Hoffmann, N., Lee, B., Hentzer, M., Rasmussen, T.B., Song, Z., Johansen, H.K., Givskov, M., Høiby, N.: Azithromycin blocks quorum sensing and alginat polymer formation and increases the sensitivity to serum and stationary growth phase killing of *P. aeruginosa* and attenuates chronic *P. aeruginosa* lung infection in *Cftr*<sup>-/-</sup> mice. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother.* 51:3677-3687; 2007.

•Bjarnsholt, T., Jensen, P.Ø., Fiandaca, M.J., Pedersen, J., Hansen, C.R., Andersen, C.B., Pressler, T., Givskov, M., Høiby, N.: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* biofilms in the respiratory tract of cystic fibrosis patients. *Pediatric Pulmonology.* 44:547-558; 2009.

Mature *P. aeruginosa* biofilm in a flow cell (Søren Molin) similar to the packed aerobic CF alveolar incubation chamber filled with *P. aeruginosa* biofilm



Autopsy (BS242/74) of a Danish CF girl (MLM) who died due to chronic *P. aeruginosa* lung infection. HE stain x 100 (Høiby 2004)

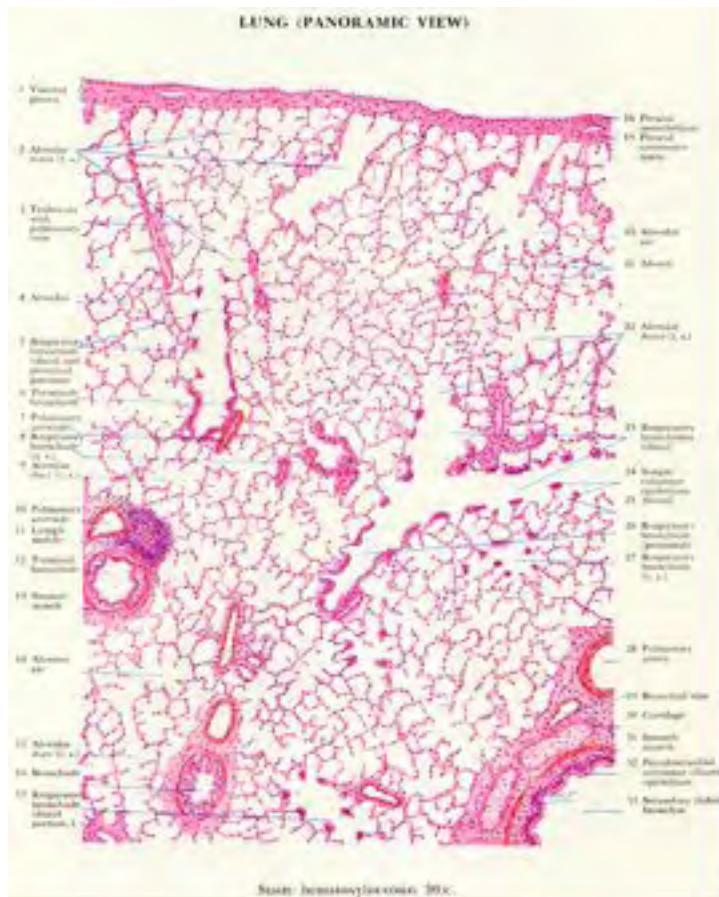
Mucoid biofilm of *P. aeruginosa* in an alveolar sac surrounded by severely inflamed tissue (pneumonia) with very active PMNs



Mucoid *P. aeruginosa* biofilm in alveoli of a CF mouse. HE + Alcian blue stains x 40 = Koch's criteria fulfilled!

(Hoffmann, Rasmussen, Jensen, Stub, Hentzer, Molin, Ciofu, Givskov, Johansen, Høiby: Novel mouse model of chronic *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* lung infection mimicking cystic fibrosis. *Infect. Immun.* 73:2504-14; 2005)

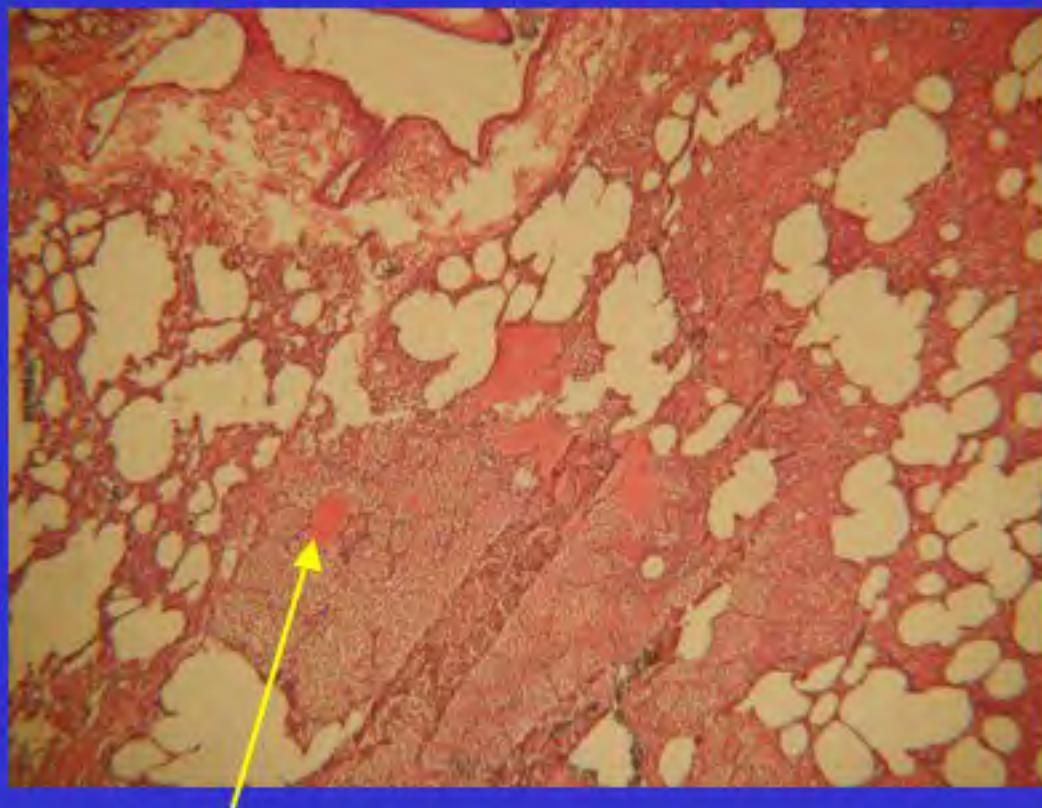
(Hoffmann, N., et al.: Azithromycin blocks quorum sensing and alginat polymer formation and increases the sensitivity to serum and stationary growth phase killing of *P. aeruginosa* and attenuates chronic *P. aeruginosa* lung infection in *Cftr*<sup>-/-</sup> mice. *AAC* 51:3677-3687; 2007)



Normal lung

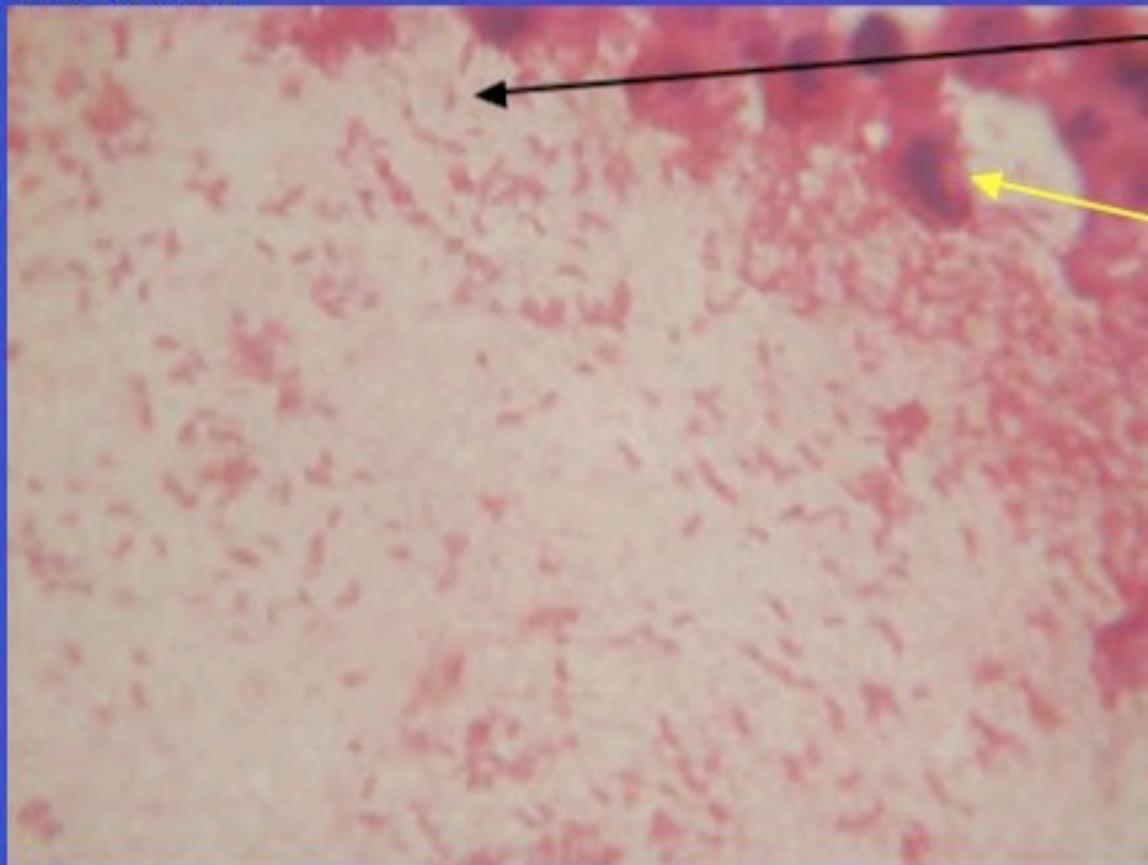
HØIBY 2004

The *packed aerobic CF alveolar incubation chamber filled with mucoid P. aeruginosa biofilm*



Autopsy (BS242/74) of a Danish CF girl (MLM) who died due to chronic *P. aeruginosa* lung infection and 21 precipitating antibodies against *P. aeruginosa* (normal: 0-1). Severely inflamed tissue (pneumonia). HE stain x 40.

The packed aerobic CF alveolar incubation chamber filled with mucoid P. aeruginosa biofilm



Mucoid biofilm of P. aeruginosa in an alveole surrounded by severely inflamed tissue (PMNs, pneumonia)

Strong immune response in the respiratory zone

Autopsy (BS242/74) of a Danish CF girl (MLM) who died due to chronic P. aeruginosa lung infection and 21 precipitating antibodies against P. aeruginosa.  
HE stain x 1000